

C₅a

Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change adaptation



Opening

Members Steering committee

Ambassadors group

The C5a team

Guests

Everybody online



The Old Stone Bridge in Karlstad

Thanks to Lansstyrelsen Värmland for organizing this end conference of C5a!!







Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

• C5a..











Plan proactively



























Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

• Three year project (2019-2022)

• Interreg North Sea Region Programme





A resilient society



Plan proactively



EUROPEAN UNION























Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

- Three year project (2019-2022)
- Interreg North Sea Region Programme
- 10 Partners across the North Sea Region













UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.



















Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

• Aim..

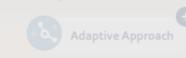














Plan proactively

























Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.







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Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.



• PLAN: Cloud2Coast Approach (WP3, Paul Sayers)

A resilient society outcome









Plan proactively



















Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

• PLAN: Cloud2Coast Approach (WP3, Paul Sayers)

• ACT: Practical Guidelines and Tools (WP4, Gül Ozerol)

outcome







Plan proactively











Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

• THINK: Policy Recommendations (WP5, Stevie Swenne)

• PLAN: Cloud2Coast Approach (WP3, Paul Sayers)

• ACT: Practical Guidelines and Tools (WP4, Gül Ozerol)

outcome















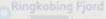
















Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change Adaptation (C5a)

Enabling greater innovation in the adaptation to climate change and managing flood impacts.

Think proactively



Focus on placemaking, not flood risk alone



Plan across scales and disciplinary boundaries



Collaborate and compromise to deliver inclusive outcomes



Embed "the push" of science and "the pull" of policy



Plan proactively

The application of the Cloud2Coast approach starts by adopting its four pillars.

Act proactively

Cloud2Coast approach into existing gover-

Programmatic Managerial

Inter-organisational Directed

Intra-organisational

Developed and validated through real world case studies and supported by tools.



C5a partners





























How did it start...

- Challenge: Increasing intensity of floods in response to climate change
- Flood management approaches need to adapt
- A project that wants to deliver an approach that is both evidence-based and practical



Berry Gersonius



















Our journey started..

Putting the symbolic puzzle together is a nice start...





But how do the pieces fit together..?

Cluster for Cloud Coast Climate





Bringing the puzzle together

- Present our work today at this end conference
- See the results on the website (WP2, Catrin Hasewinkel)



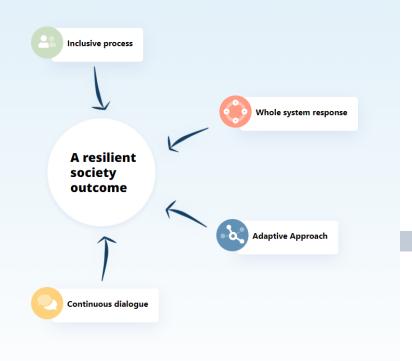
Cloud2Coast About Approach Into Practice Into Policy Into Stakeholder Actions Case Studies

A Resilient Society Outcome

The Cloud 2 Coast Approach is an approach that has been developed within the C5a project. It promotes the adoption of a whole-system and long-term perspective to climate change adaptation that is purposeful, collaborative and builds on the principles of social justice, ecosystem health and resilience.

The Cloud 2 Coast Approach is aiming for a resilient society outcome.

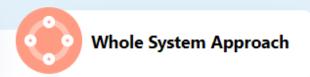
Read More About The Approach



Approach

The Cloud 2 Coast approach has been developed within the C5a project. It promotes the adoption of a whole-system and long-term perspective to climate change adaptation that is purposeful and collaborative.













Into Practice

Practical guidelines are essential to put the Cloud-2-Coast approach into practice. These guidelines target local and sub-national regional organizations that are responsible for climate change adaptation.

The C5a guidelines consist of three complementing categories:





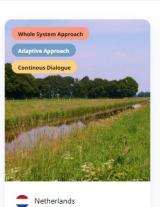


Into Practice

Practical guidelines are essential to put the Cloud-2-Coast approach into practice. These guidelines target local and sub-national regional organizations that are responsible for climate change adaptation.

seven case studies





Weijerswold



City of Dordrecht

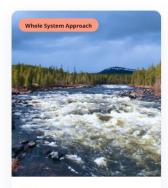














Into Policy

All over Europe, there are increasing economic and social disparities between places and between people along with environmental risks and pressures. A new Territorial Agenda has been prepared to limit inequalities, which seeks to promote an inclusive and sustainable future for all places and to help achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). This agenda emphasises that concerted action at all geographical and governance levels is needed to deliver inclusive outcomes. This points to the need to better understand and address territorial impacts of sector policies, including flood management policy.



More details

The C5a project has produced a Policy Brief with four priority recommendations to support the uptake and implementation of the Cloud-to-Coast approach in practice. These recommendations enable the consideration of risks and opportunities across the whole-system (from Cloud to Coast) and promote multi-level governance arrangements and mechanisms in support of a flood resilient society and the delivery of SDGs.

Want to know more? Visit our website northsearegion.eu...

Agenda

Thursday 19 May

09.25

Venue: Scandic Winn, Norra Strandgatan 9-11 Karlstad

Walaama and Onanina Damarica

The meeting is also online between 9.00-12.30

Moderator: Max Hansson, University Lecturer, Centre for Societal Risk Research at Karlstad University

09.00	Welcome and Opening Remarks	
	09.00	Opening – Matthijs Boersema, Project Leader C5a, Ministry of Infrastructure and <u>Watermanagement</u> , NL
	09.10	Welcome to Värmland – Katarina Nordmark, Head International Secretariat, Värmland County Administrative Board, SE
	09.15	C5a puzzle – Stanford Wilson, Advisor Flood Risk Management

Why C5a? - Jenny Thomsen, Project Advisor, NSR





og.30 Towards Climate Resilience in the NSR

og.30 **Keynote talk – Climate Mitigation Lessons for Adaptation –**

Avit Bhowmik, Assistant Professor of Risk and Environmental Studies at

Karlstad University, SE

og.45 Cloud2Coast Approach – Paul Sayers, Sayers and Partners, UK

10.15 **Panel Discussion** – led by *Paul Sayers*

Kate Kipling, Environment Agency, UK

Monique Busnach, RWS, NL

Merete Løvschall, DCA, DK

Silke Mollenhauer, OOWV, DE

Katarina Nordmark, Värmland, SE

10.30 Coffee Break

Approach

The Cloud 2 Coast approach has been developed within the C5a project. It promotes the adoption of a whole-system and long-term perspective to climate change adaptation that is purposeful and collaborative.

















Why C5a?

From link: Why C5a? – Jenny Thomsen, Project Advisor, NSR







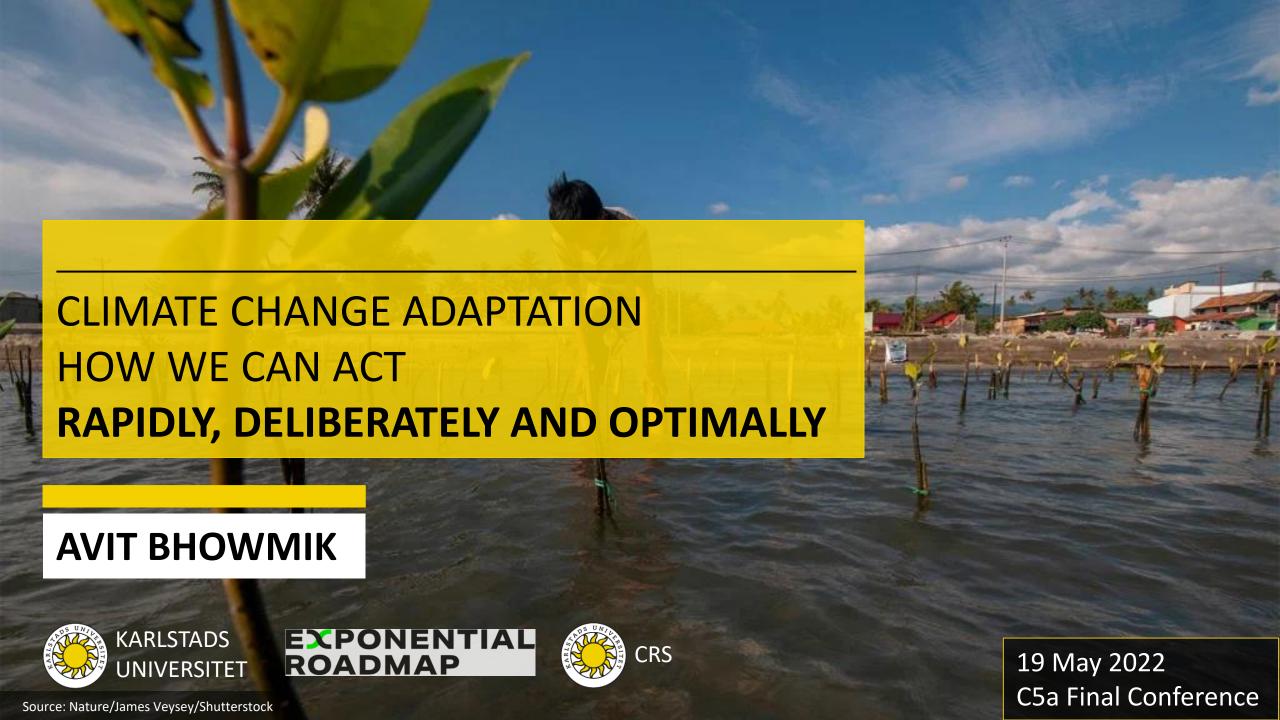
Why C5a? Jenny Thomson, Project Avisor NSR





Towards Climate Resilience in the NSR



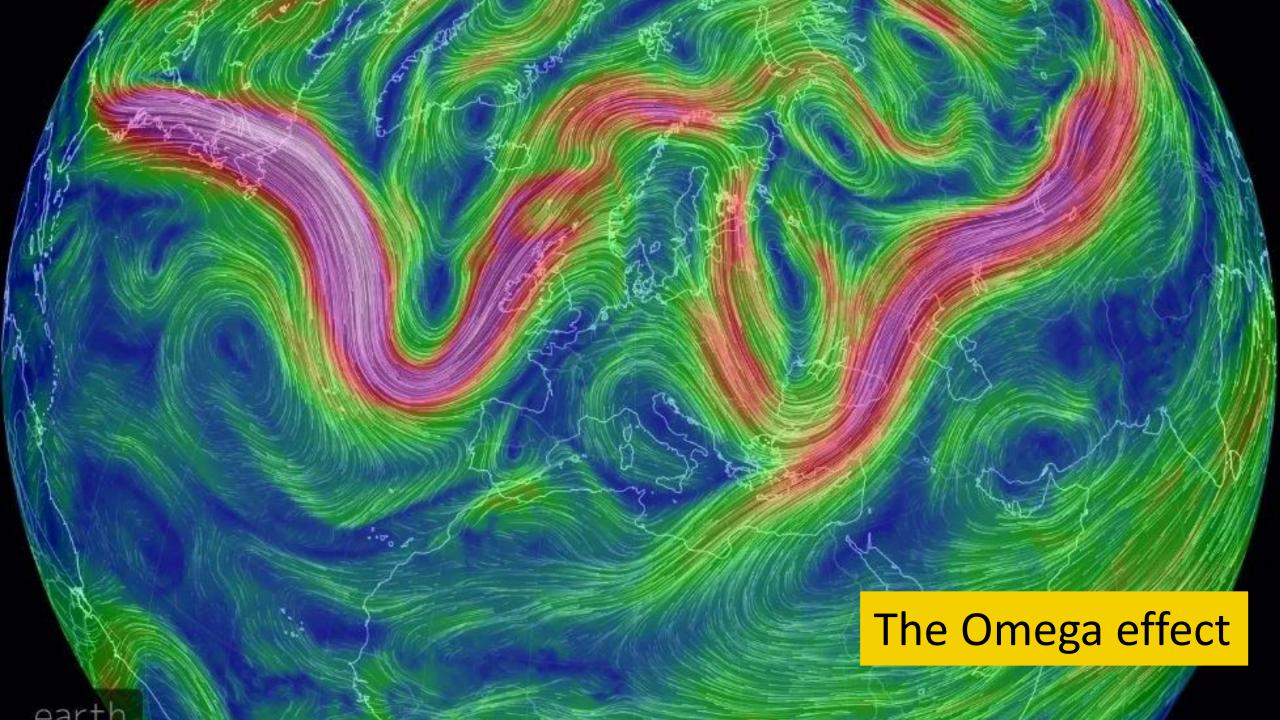




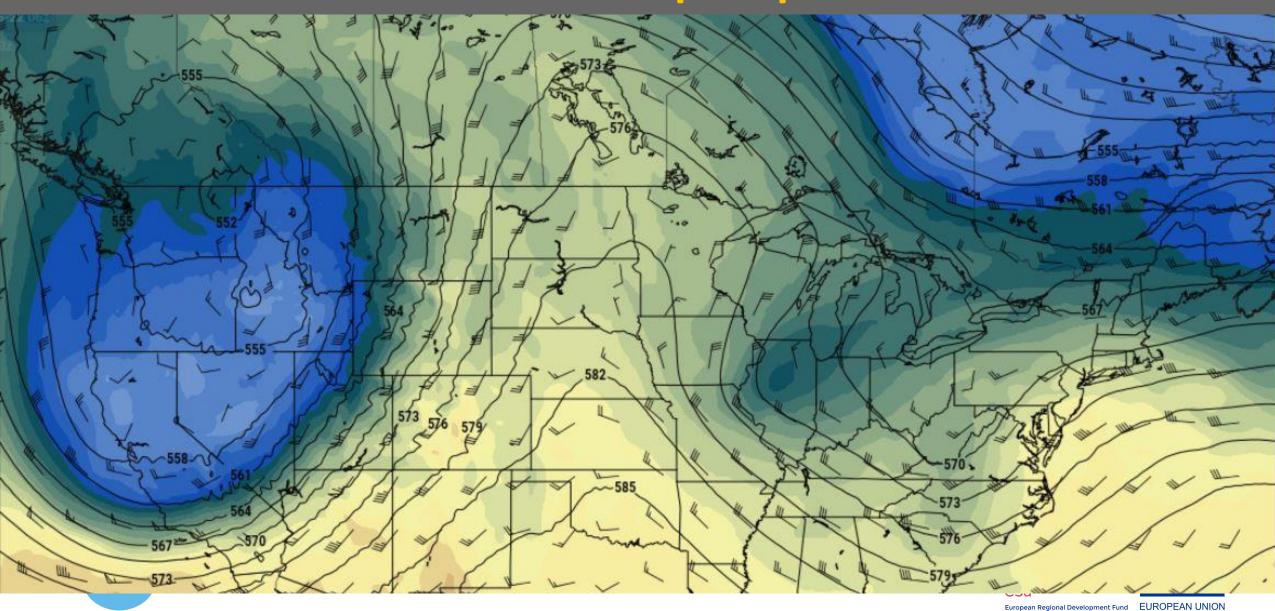




The Jet Stream

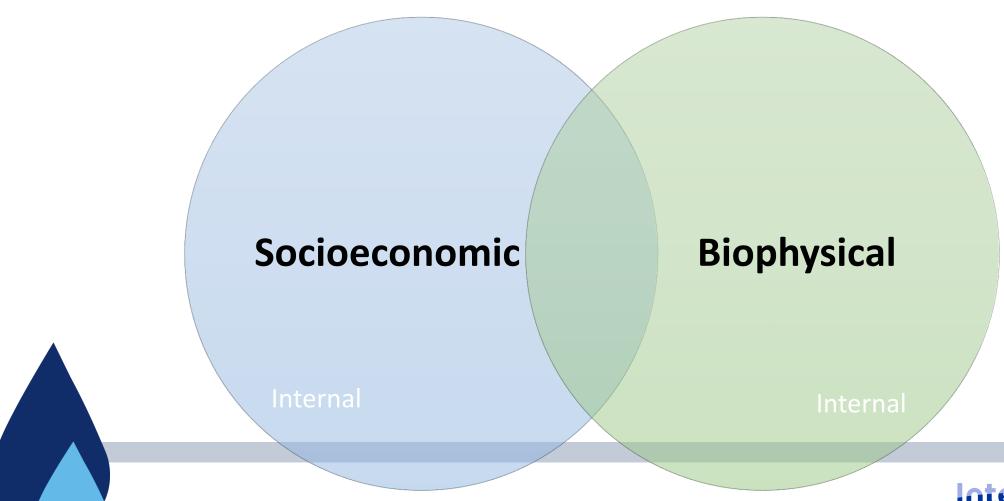


The lock-ins of precipitation





Spheres of vulnerability and action







Apathetic Narratives

Debatt

Professorer: Agera innan den smygande klimatkrisen blir akut

Behovet av ökad motståndskraft mot klimatrisker tenderar att hamna i konflikt med kommunernas strävan efter tillväxt. Detta kan få långtgående effekter när den smygande klimatkrisen omvandlas till en akut händelse, skriver professorerna Mikael Granberg och Lars Nyberg.

Publicerad: 14 september 2021, 05:00



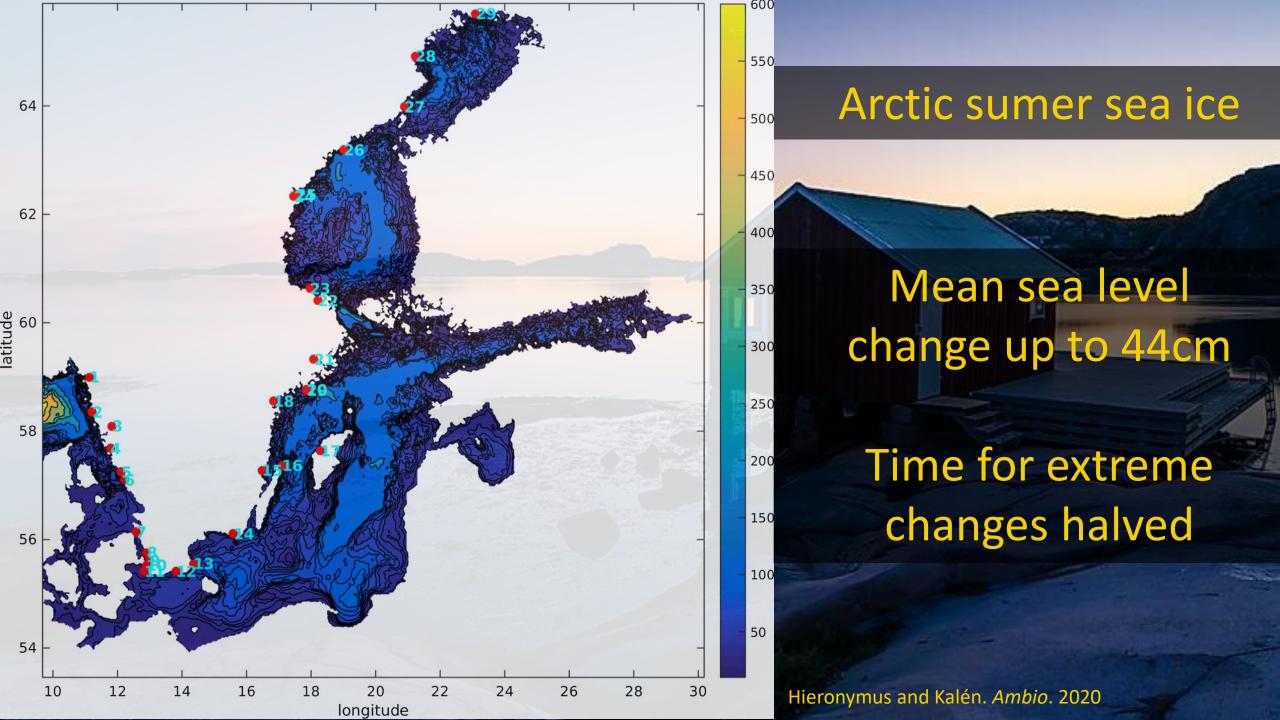


"Klimatförändringarna kan uppfattas som en krypande kris i den meningen att effekterna är långvariga, lågintensiva och gradvis ökande," skriver debattörerna.

Foto: Fredrik Sandberg/TT, Pressbilder



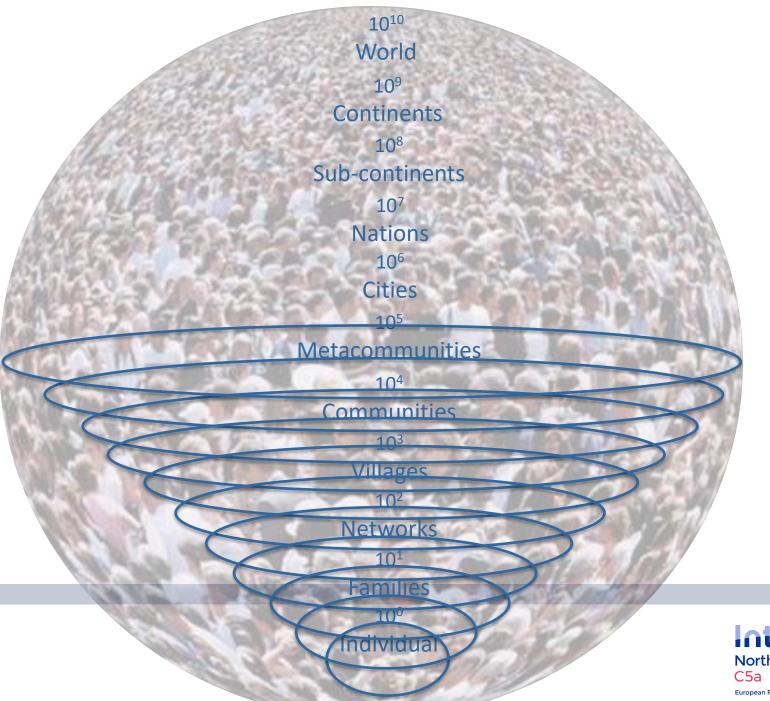






Social Tipping Points uild carbon neutral cities **Divest from** Remove fossil **Reveal immorality** Disclose emission fossil fuel **Educate and** fuel subsidies of fossil fuel informationerreg Engage North Sea Region C5a Otto, Donges, Cremades, Bhowmik et al. PNAS. 2020 European Regional Development Fund EUROPEAN UNION

Action at the sweet spot



Powers of 10



HR285570 130

96.87

Action at the sweet spot

Communities

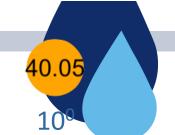


Metacommunities



104.9 10¹

Top three cohorts



56 climate projects implemented with 8 trillion US dollars benefit



10⁸



Prosperity

Clean air

Atmos-fear to

Action

Livability

Recreation

Clean water

Cost-effective









Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change adaptation



Outline

- Why a Cloud-2-Coast Approach
- The basics of the approach
- Finding out more





Why Cloud-to-Coast?





Philosophical motivation

`Would you tell me, please, which way I ought to go from here?' said Alice

'That depends a good deal on where you want to get to' said the Cat.

Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, Lewis Carroll (1865)





Empirical motivation

- Single, local action and conventional built infrastructure does not always work.
- A **new approach is needed** to manage risk in a changing world whilst safeguarding other outcomes we value; healthy ecosystems and social well-being.





Basis of the C2C

- The aim is to enable "Cloud-to-Coast adaptation" that is:
 - Purposeful and collaborative
 - Promotes social justice, ecosystem health and resilience.

Adaptive flood protection asset management (FAIR)

Building with Nature (BWN)

Flood Resilient Areas by multi-layEr Safety (FRAMES)

Blue Green Infrastructures through Social Innovation Approach (BEGIN).

Integrated approaches to urban water management and climate change adaptation (CATCH)

Resilient soil and water resources (TOPSOIL)

Supporting projects



Draw knowledge from all of these projects – the concepts, the tools and the understanding



....its tricky....

• there is no blueprint of the 'right' solution – place-based solutions are needed

....but

• common challenges exist and common concepts and practice have been shared



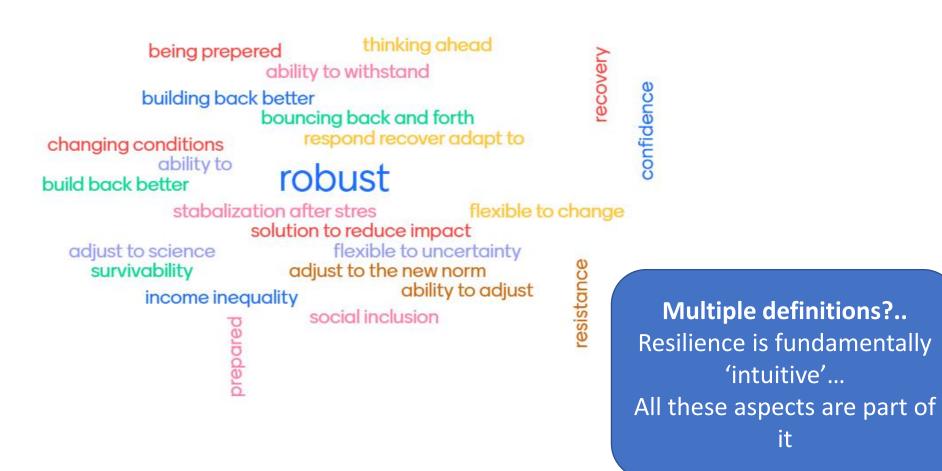
Credit: Paul Sayers from Samphire Hoe/White cliffs countryside project





Discussion 1 - What do you understand by 'resilience' in a practical sense?

Mentimeter



The code lets your audience join the presentation. It expires in 2 days.

Question 2 – What issues present the greatest challenges to achieving resilience in practice?

Mentimeter

working in silos finance land use adaptation cynicism

stubborness

understanding local syste internal focus engagament politicians governance resistance

The Cloud-2-Coast approach

.....adaptation looks different in different places......the approach however has some common attributes

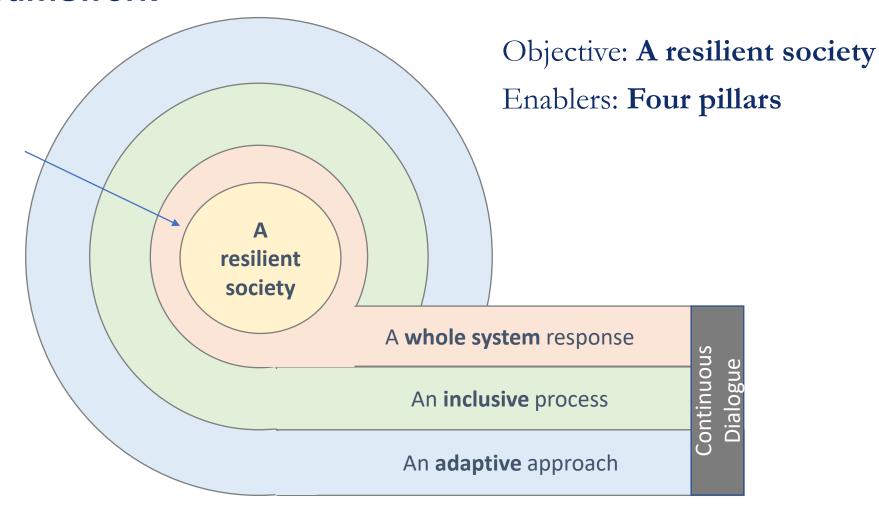




Cloud-to-Coast Framework

Resilience is seen as an outcome of society that is:

- Appropriately prepared
- Appropriately protected
- Capable of adapting
- Capable of transforming

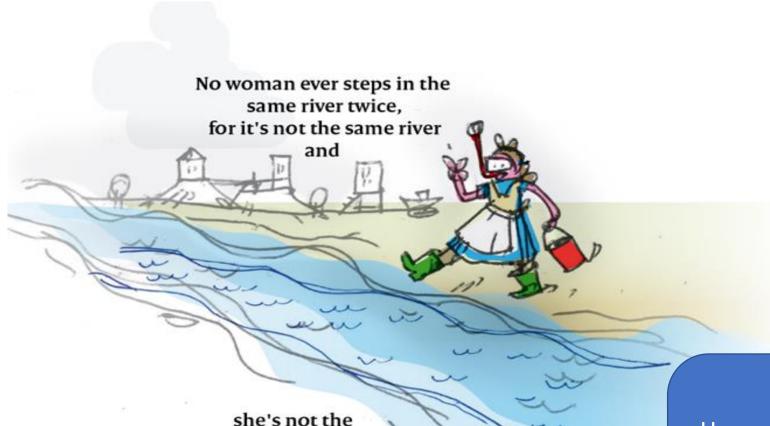






Cloud-to-Coast: An adaptive approach

same woman.



Decisions taken today will have a profound impact on the size of flood risks that future generations will need to manage. They will also strongly influence the options available for managing those risks' (Foresight Future Flood Study, Evans et al., 2004a,b).

Explore the future

How might it be different from today? What are the opportunities and risks?

How do we reduce the risks and realise the opportunities? Where and when are the key decision points?

Cloud-to-Coast: An adaptive approach

Explore the Future

Making adaptation happen in practice – four core ingredients



Conceive



Visualise



Appraise



Promote

Collaborate

Innovate

Think 'whole system'

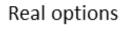
Think 'long term'

Consider 'uncertainty'



Dynamic adaptive pathways

Decision trees



Info-gap methods

Robustness

Valuing adaptive capacity

Awareness of the challenge

Understanding of the strategy

Conviction to act





Cloud-to-Coast: An inclusive process



To identify and embrace complexity, we should not merely look at the physical components of the system.

People, with their livelihoods, jobs and leisure activities, are inseparable parts of the system.

Inclusive is more than 'including'

Are all those that may be impacted or have a role to play in the future management appropriately involved?

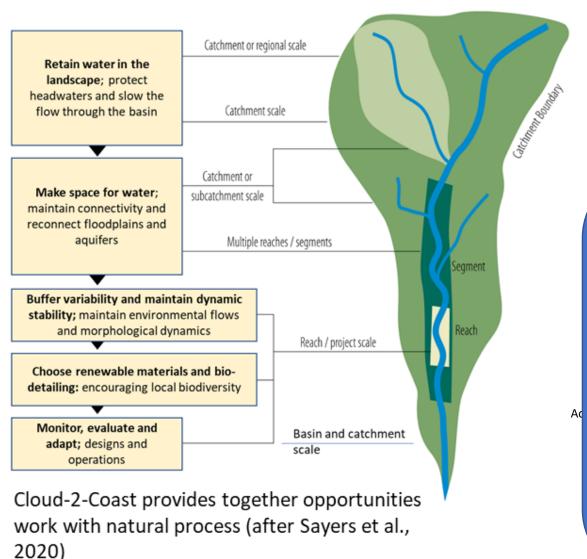
Is their involvement purposeful and meaningful; to them and to you?

Are the risks for the most vulnerable well managed?



Cloud-to-Coast: A whole system response

In physical terms



A whole system response requires us to challenge our own 'silo' and become 'system thinkers'

Nature-based approaches are central weapons in a system thinkers arsenal.

In conceptual terms

"When we try to pick out anything by itself, we find it hitched to everything else in the Universe." John Muir

Challenge and agree – what is the appropriate whole system?

Develop a **common understanding** of the physical extent of the system

Are there significant interactions across these boundaries? If so, consider again? **Record your decisions.**

What are the time bounds of the system?

Cloud-to-Coast: A continuous dialogue



Enabling mutual learning and through an iterative process of deliberation approaches to evolve, priorities to change and collaboration to strengthen.

Future decisions will need to be made
Putting in place mechanisms for co-learning
and understanding of how will future choices
be made; who will make them, and the plans
evolved



Access the detail of insights...





Summary infographic...

- Think
- Plan
- Act

Plus an interactive website of

- Concepts
- Guidance
- Tools
- Case studies





by adopting its four pillars.

















Dordrecht

Het Zwin

Coevorden

Thank you!

Paul Sayers paul.sayers@sayersandpartners.co.uk







Panel Discussion

led by Paul Sayers

Kate Kipling, Environment Agency, UK Monique Busnach, RWS, NL Merete Løvschall, DCA, DK Silke Mollenhauer, OOWV, DE Katarina Nordmark, Värmland, SE

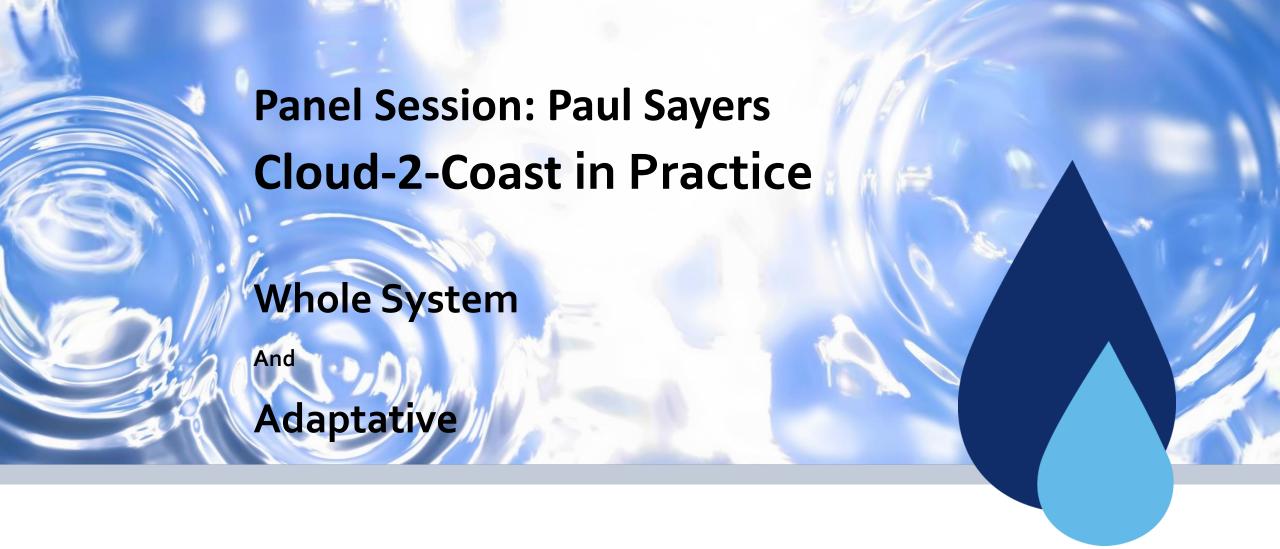






Cloud2Coast in Practice







Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change adaptation



Whole System

Why?

• In a connected world – understanding how flood hazards and risks are generated is a pre-requisite to understanding how they should be managed

How?

• **Beware the bear trap**.... Everything is hitched to everything **but** not everything is material in the choices we make. Source-Pathway-Receptor framing enables the practical whole systems to be developed.

What have we learnt through C5a?

• A whole risk understanding can unlock decisions; making progress faster not slower

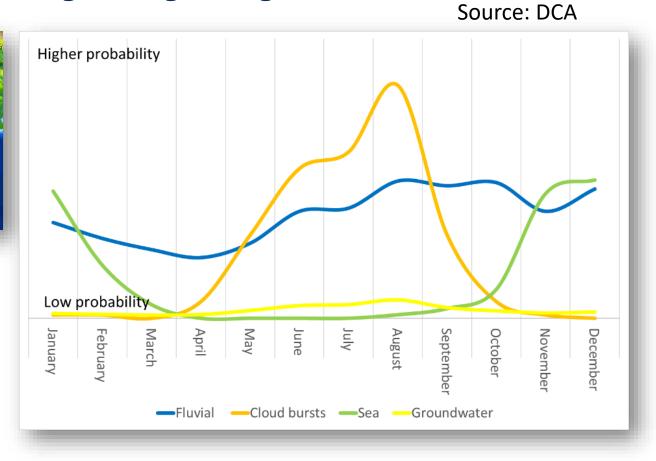




Whole physical system Multiple sources of flooding in Ringkøbing, Denmark

Fårvang
Silkeborg
Them Byrup
Toring
Silkeborg
Them Byrup
Toring
Brands
Fishund

Understanding the interaction between sources

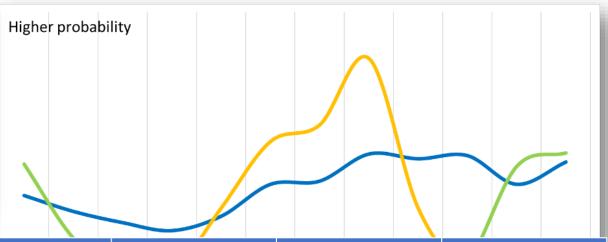






Whole physical system Multiple sources of flooding in Ringkøbing, Denmark

Farvang Silaborg Them Bryrup Torring Versechsten Eppred Lunderskov Jele Rodding Archive Billund Vorbased Holdsted Garding Flast Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Agerbasi Garding Auluin Vidiplera Seval Sonder Flading Orme Seval Sonder Flading Orme Seval Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Videbeck Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Seval Seval Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Seval Seval Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Agerbasi Garding Auluin Vidiplera Seval Sonder Flading Orme Seval Seval Sonder Flading Orme Ansager Agerbasi Garding Auluin Vidiplera Seval Sonder Flading Organia Seval Se

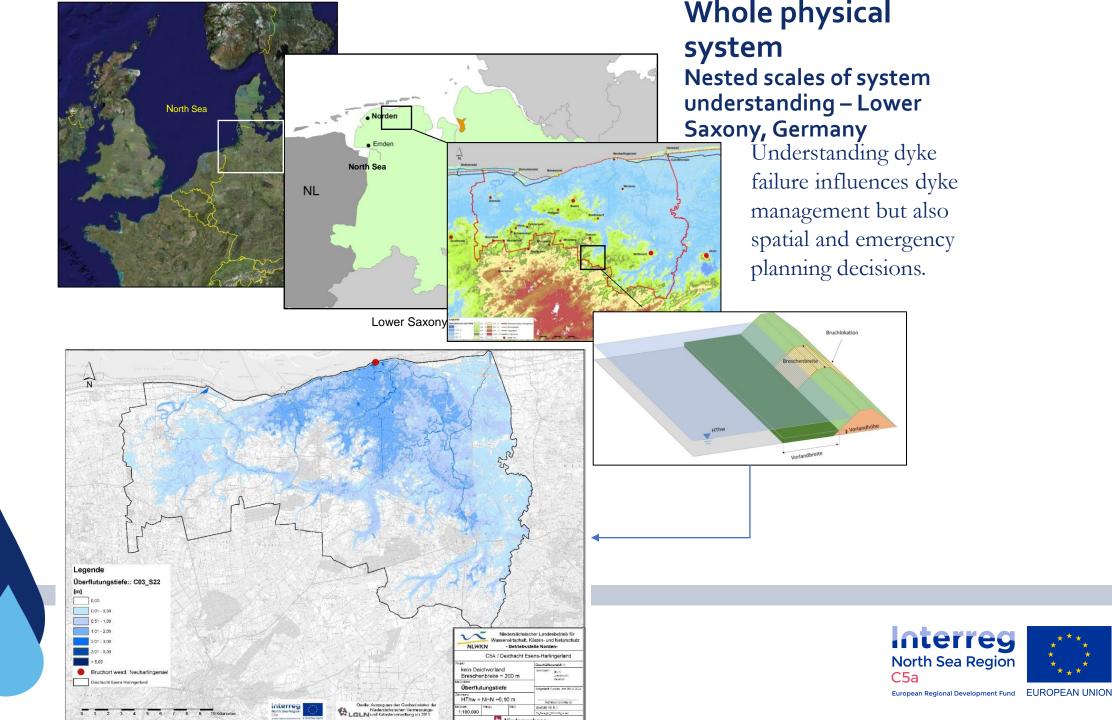


Source: DCA

Helps to breakdown silos in their management

Sea	Rivers	Ground water	Cloud bursts	
RKSK municipality	Storm council	RKSK municipality	Utility company	
Storm council	Landowners	Danish rail	Infrastructure owners	
Emergency responders	Naturkraft	Citizens	Emergency responders	
Hvide sande port	Insurance companies	Pumping organizations		ı
Ringkøbing port	Farmer organization	Infrastructure owners		
Fishing organizations (4)	Hotel Fjordgården	Insurance companies		
Landowners	RKSK museum	Farmer organization		ic
Insurance companies	Bundsbæk windmill	Rural council		io
		Utility company		t Fu





Whole System and Adaptation

Why?

• The future is not yet known – we have an idea but do not know for sure.

How?

• Develop plans that are sufficiently firm to enable action (where needed), but sufficiently flexible to respond to changing needs

What have we learnt through C5a?

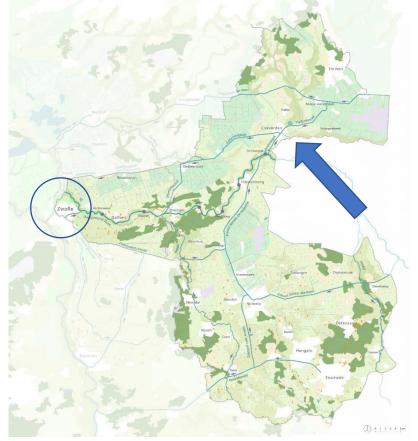
- Adaptation is fundamentally a people thing, not a technical endeavour.
- Tools can help explorer the future to encourage working beyond traditional silos.





Adaptation - is not just about local actions but making appropriate choices throughout the system





Left: Klarälven River poses flood, erosion and landsslide challenges, requiring a joined up adaptation response – in space and time

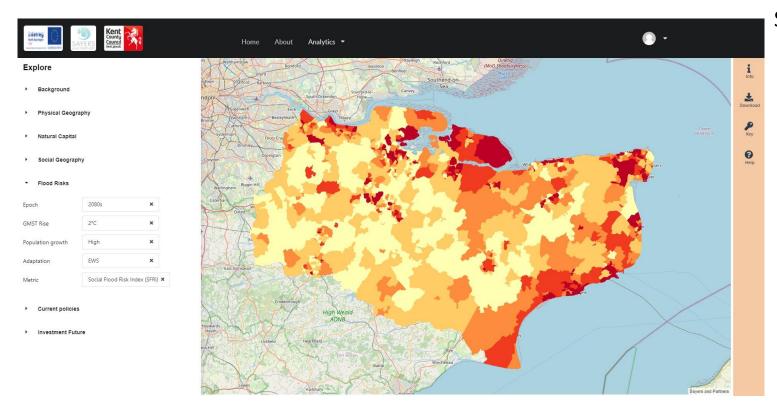
Right: Floodplains of Coevorden are part of the river Vecht system





Whole risk system

Understanding present and future risks and the benefits and costs of alternative adaptation choices, Kent, UK



Source: SPL/KCC

Exploring the future – Kent



Case Study Leads - Panel Discussion

Kent, UK Paul Sayers – SPL

Tom Henderson - KCC

Ringkøbing-Denmark Per Soerensen, DCA

Drenthe, Netherlands Rinke van Veen, Drenthe

Varmland, Sweden Karin de Beer, Lansstyrelsen

Lower Saxony, Germany Holger Blum, NLWKN





Pillars: Whole System and Adaptive Approach

- Pillars: Whole system and adaptive approach
 - Video from case study 2-3 mins <u>Case study C5a, Ringkøbing Fjord -</u> YouTube
 - Presentation introduction (Paul) 5 min
 - Panel discussion + interaction online 20 mins

Case study leads in the panel: Kent (Paul replacing Tom), Drenthe (Rinke), Sweden (Karin not joining), NLWKN (Holger). DCA (Per)





Pillars: Inclusive Process and Continuous Dialogue

- Pillars: Inclusive process and continuous dialogue
 - Video from case study (Dordrecht) 2-3 min <u>C5a Case study City of</u> Dordrecht - YouTube
 - Presentation introduction (Gül) 5 min
 - Panel discussion + interaction online 20 mins

Case study leads in the panel: Dordrecht (Myrthe), Zwin (Jolien), Denmark (Per)







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Cluster for Cloud to Coast Climate Change adaptation



Inclusive process

- Stakeholder relationships that limit participation and cooperation, such as lacking or different interests (Klarälven, Kent, Ringkøbing-Skjern, Weijerswold) and unclear responsibilities (Lower Saxony, Weijerswold and Ringkøbing-Skjern).
- Lack of awareness and interest from the grassroot level. (Ringkøbing-Skjern)
- Addressing multiple climate issues, such as flood, drought and water quality, through the involvement of large stakeholder groups and the use of a common language. (Weijerswold and Ringkøbing-Skjern)
- Showing the whole organization that Cloud-2-Coast approach has benefits for all work areas, so that they realize that they need each other and seek each other out. (Klarälven)





Continuous dialogue

- Responsibilities, interests and objectives about climate adaptation differ between the departments of the same organization. (Weijerswold and Het Zwin)
- Difficult to maintain in the long run (beyond C5a) without a champion / process manager of the cooperation. (Dordrecht)
- Science-policy integration to sustain dialogue and incorporation into practice. (Dordrecht, Klarälven and Lower Saxony)
- Innovative agreement on the management of the area that existed years before the works. (Het Zwin)





Ringkøbing-Skjern Municipality, Denmark

Danish Coastal Authority and Central Denmark Region

Per Sørensen







Het Zwin Nature Reserve, Belgium and the Netherlands

Flanders Environment Agency

Jolien Philips









Dordrecht City, The Netherlands

Rijkswaterstaat

Myrthe Leijstra











Transition to Policies

Stevie Swenne, Head International Cooperation,
Flanders Environment Agency (BE)



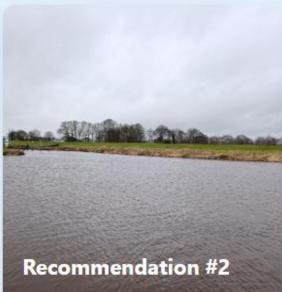


Focus on liveability, not flood risk alone



More details

Recommendation #1



Plan across scales and disciplinary boundaries



More details

Recommendation #2



Collaborate and compromise to deliver inclusive outcomes



More details

Recommendation #3



Embed "the push" of science and "the pull" of policy



More details

Recommendation #4

Erwin Nugraha (University Twente), Stevie Swenne (Vlaamse Milieumaatschappij), Jolien Philips (Vlaamse Milieumaatschappij, Leo de Vree (Provincie Drenthe), Deirdre Buist-Murphy (Provincie Drenthe), Rinke van Veen (Provincie Drenthe, Cor Schipper (Rijkswaterstaat), Stanford Wilson (Rijkswaterstaat), Matthijs Boersema (Rijkswaterstaat), Christian Billund Dehlbæk (Region Midtjylland), Holger Blum (NLWKN), Gül Özerol (University Twente), Paul Sayers (Sayers and Partners), Per Sørensen (Kystdirektoratet), Rolf Johnsen (Region Midtjylland), Lene Blonde (Kystdirektoratet), Laura Storm Henriksen (Kystdirektoratet), Catrin Hasewinkel (Länsstyrelsen Värmland), Elin Ljunggren (Länsstyrelsen Värmland), Karin de Beer (Länsstyrelsen Värmland), Tom Henderson (Kent County Council), Lyke Bosma (Rijkswaterstaat), Ilke Borowski-Maaser (Interessen Im Fluss), Lene Bonde (Kystdirektoratet), Anna Grude (Länsstyrelsen Värmland), Berry Gersonius (ResilienServices), Kate Kipling (Environment Agency), Monique Busnach, (Rijkswaterstaat), Merete Løvschall (Kystdirektoratet), Silke Mollenhauer, (OOWV), Katarina Nordmark (Värmland,), Myrthe Leijstra (Rijkswaterstaat), Egon Baldal (Ministry of IenW), Helen Shulver (Kent County Council), Martien Haasjes (Provincie Drenthe), Kris Lulofs (University Twente), Frank Thorenz (NLWKN)



www.C5aCloud2Coast.eu

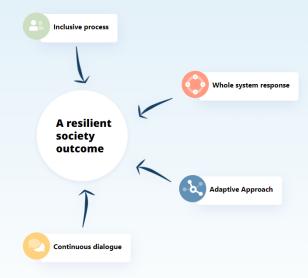


A Resilient Society
Outcome

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The Cloud 2 Coast Approach is aiming for a resilient society outcome.

Read More About The Approach



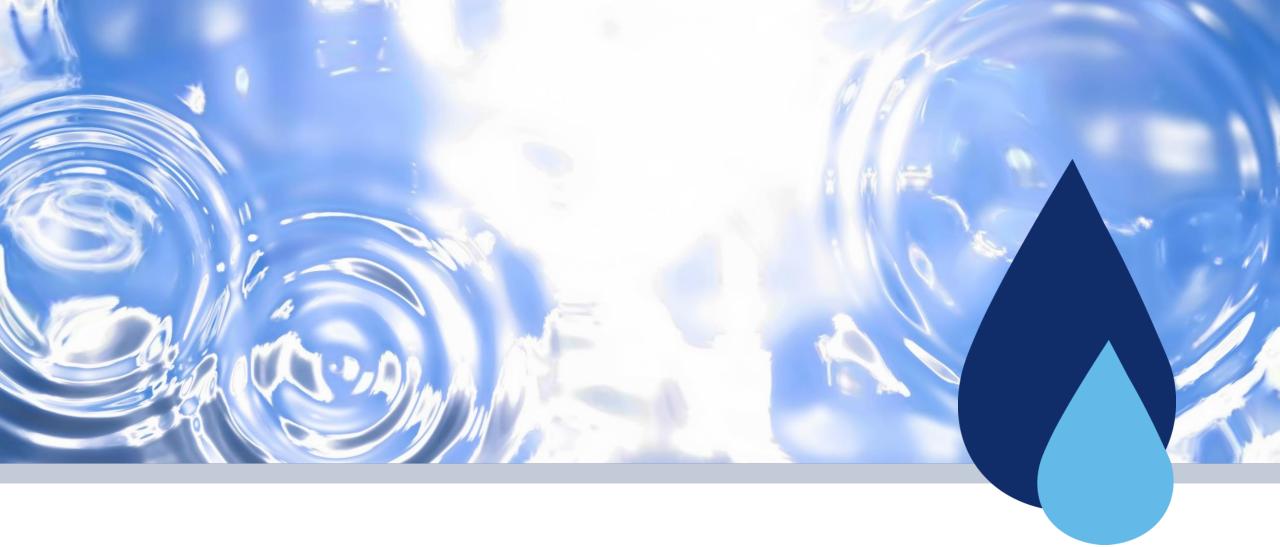




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Interreg North Sea Region C5a

European Regional Development Fund



EUROPEAN UNION



